

APPENDIX II
ZONE OF PEACE, FREEDOM AND NEUTRALITY DECLARATION
(KUALA LUMPUR DECLARATION)
27 November 1971

We the Foreign Ministers of Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines, Singapore and the Special Envoy of the National Executive Council of Thailand:

FIRMLY believing in the merits of regional cooperation which has drawn our countries to cooperate together in the economic, social and cultural fields in the Association of South-East Asian Nations;

DESIROUS of bringing about a relaxation of international tension and of achieving a lasting peace in South East Asia;

INSPIRED by the worthy aims and objectives of the United Nations, in particular by the principles of respect for the sovereignty and territorial integrity of all states, absent on from threat or use of force, peaceful settlements of international disputes, equal rights and self-determination and non-interference in the affairs of States;

BELIEVING in the continuing validity of the “Declaration of the Promotion of World Peace and Cooperation” of the Bandung Conference of 1955 which, among others, enunciates the principles by which States may coexist peacefully;

RECOGNIZING the right of every state, large or small, to lead its national existence free from outside interference in its internal affairs as this interference will adversely affect its freedom, independence and integrity;

DEDICATED to the maintenance of peace, freedom and independence unimpaired;

BELIEVING in the need to meet present challenges and new developments by cooperation with all peace and freedom loving nations, both within and outside the region, in the furtherance of world peace, stability and harmony;

COGNIZANT of the significant trend toward establishing nuclear-free zones, as in the “Treaty for Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America” and the Lusaka Declaration proclaiming Africa a nuclear-free zone, for the purpose of promoting

world peace and security by reducing the areas of international conflicts and tensions;

REITERATING our commitment to the principle in the Bangkok Declaration which established ASEAN in 1967, “that the countries of South-East Asia share a primary responsibility for strengthening the economic and social stability of the region and ensuring their peaceful and progressive national development, and that they are determined to ensure their stability and security from external interference in any form or manifestation in order to preserve their national identities in accordance with the ideals and aspirations of their peoples”;

AGREEING that the neutralisation of Southeast Asia is a desirable objective and that we should explore ways and means of bringing about its realisation; and

CONVINCED that the time is propitious for joint action to give effective expression to the deeply felt desire of the peoples of Southeast Asia to ensure the conditions of peace and stability indispensable to their independence and their economic and social well-being,

DO HEREBY STATE:

- 1) That Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines, Singapore and Thailand are determined to exert initially necessary efforts to secure the recognition of, and respect for, South-East Asia as a Zone of Peace, Freedom and Neutrality, free from any form or manner of interference of outside Powers;
- 2) that South-East Asian countries should make concerted efforts to broaden the areas of cooperation which would contribute to their strength, solidarity and closer relationship.

Done at Kuala Lumpur on Saturday, the 27th of November, 1971.

On behalf of the Republic of Indonesia:

ADAM MALIK

Minister for Foreign Affairs

On behalf of Malaysia:

TUN ABDUL RAZAK BIN HUSSEIN

Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs

On behalf of the Republic of the Philippines:

CARLOS P. ROMANO

Secretary of Foreign Affairs

On behalf of the Republic of Singapore:

S. RAJARATNAM

Minister for Foreign Affairs

On behalf of the Kingdom of Thailand:

THANAT KHOMAN

Special Envoy of the National Executive Council